

पुर्जा International School Shree Swaminarayan Gurukul, Zundal

Student's Name		Ques	tion Bank : 2		
Date		Grade	IX	Roll No.	
Subject	Biology	Marks		Teacher's Sign	
		SEC	TION - A		
Who discovered					
a) Robert Ho					
b) Robert Bro					
c) Anton Lee					
d) Schleiden					
-	are colourless?				
a) Chromopla					
<ul><li>b) Chloroplas</li><li>c) Leucoplas</li></ul>					
d) All of the					
,	lle of cell is known	ng "Dower House	»י <u>י</u>		
a) Lysosome	IIC OI COII IS KIIUWI		•		
b) Mitochond	Iria				
,	111a				
c) Centriole					
d) Chromoso					
	alled the energy cur	rency of the cell			
a) Endoplasn	nic reticulum				
b) Oxygen					
c) ATP					
d) Mitochond		• • • • • •			
	ollowing statement				
	is also known as p		- aall		
	s are known as the Iria has its own DN		cen		
.,	above are incorrect				
/	ollowing can be ma				
a) A bacteriur	-	de mo erystar.			
b) An Amoeb					
c) A virus					
d) A sperm					
	are made up of				
a) DNA	*				
b) Protein					
c) DNA and p	rotein				
d) RNA					
	e is not related to en	•			Τ
	as a transport chanr				
-	s materials between	-	n the cytoplas	m.	
	e site of energy ger				
	e site for some biod				
				elect the correct definition.	
		-	igher concent	ration to a region of lower concentration	on
	-permeable membr		, . <b>.</b>	· 1 · · ·	
		_		to lower concentration.	
c) Movement (	or solvent molecule	es from higher con	centration to l	ower concentration of solution through	a

	permeable membrane.	
	d) Movement of solute molecules from lower concentration to higher concentration of solution through a	
	semi permeable membrane.	
10	Which cell organelle plays a crucial role in detoxifying many poisons and drugs in a cell?	
	a) Golgi apparatus	
	b) Lysosomes	
	c) Smooth endoplasmic reticulum	
	d) Vacuoles	
11	Which of the following tissues has dead cells?	
	a) Parenchyma	
	b) Sclerenchyma	
	c) Collenchyma	
	d) Epithelial tissue	
12	Vertical growth in plants takes place by –	
	a) Lateral meristem	
	b) apical meristem	
	c) Intercalary meristem	
10	d) none of the above Growth of stem increases due to	
13		
	<ul><li>a) apical meristem</li><li>b) lateral meristem</li></ul>	
	<ul><li>c) intercalary meristem</li><li>d) vertical meristem</li></ul>	
14	A person met with an accident in which two long bones of the hand were dislocated. Which among the	
14	following may be the possible reason?	
	a) Tendon break	
	b) Break of skeletal muscle	
	c) Ligament break	
	d) Areolar tissue break	
15	Cartilage is not found in	
10	a) nose	
	b) ear	
	c) kidney	
	d) larynx	
16	Which one is not a source of carbohydrate?	
	a) Rice	
	b) Millets	
	c) Sorghum	
	d) Gram	
17	Which one of the following species of honeybee is an Italian species?	
	a) Apis dorsata	
	b) Apis florae	
	c) Apis cerana indica	
	d) Apis mellifera	
18	Find out the correct sentence.	
	(i) Hybridisation means crossing between genetically dissimilar plants	
	(ii) Cross between two varieties is called as inter specific hybridisation	
	(iii) Introducing genes of desired character into a plant gives genetically modified crop	
	(iv) Cross between plants of two species is called as inter varietal hybridisation	
	a) (i) and (iii)	
	b) (ii) and (iv)	
	c) (ii) and (iii)	1
	d) (iii) and (iv)	

19	Which of the following are Indian cattle?				
17	(i) Bos indicus				
	(i) Bos hidreds (ii) Bos domestica				
	(ii) Bos bubalis				
	(iv) Bos vulgaris				
	a) (i) and (iii)				
	b) (i) and (ii)				
	c) (ii) and (iii)				
	d) (iii) and (iv)				
20	Which one of the following nutrients is not available in fertilisers?				
20	a) Nitrogen				
	<ul><li>b) Phosphorus</li><li>c) Iron</li></ul>				
	d) Potassium				
01	SECTION - B				
21	Can you name the two organelles we have studied that contain their own genetic material?				
22	Why is the plasma membrane called a selectively permeable membrane?				
23	Why are lysosomes known as suicide bags?				
24	What would happen if the plasma membrane ruptures or breaks down?				
25	How is a prokaryotic cell different from a eukaryotic cell?				
26	What is a Tissue?				
27	What is the function of Tendon and ligament?				
28	Name the following:				
	a) Tissue that forms the inner lining of our mouth.				
	b) Tissue that connects muscle to bone in humans.				
	c) Tissue that transports food in plants.				
	d) Tissue that stores fat in our body.				
	e) Connective tissue with a fluid matrix.				
	f) Tissue presents in the brain.				
29	How does the cork act as a protective tissue?				
30	Draw a well labelled diagram of neuron.				
31	Differentiate the following activities on the basis of voluntary or involuntary:				
	A. Jumping of frog				
	B. Pumping of the heart				
	C. Writing with hand				
	D. Moving of chocolate in stomach				
32	What are the benefits of poultry farming over cattle farming?				
33	What is genetic manipulation? How is it useful in agricultural practices?				
34	Differentiate between mixed cropping and Intercropping.				
35	List the various methods of weed control.				
	SECTION- C				
36	Draw only Labelled Diagram of Animal cell & Plant cell.				
37	Why Plant cells are more rigid than animal cells?				
38	How do substances like $CO_2$ and water move in and out of the cell? Discuss.				
39	Explain: Plastids				
40	Explain: Cell division				
41	What is the utility of tissues in multi-cellular organisms?				
41	Diagrammatically show the difference between the three types of muscle fibres.				
42	Complete the table:				
43		[			

	Permanent tissue Simple Collenchyma Collenchyma			
44	What are the major functions of blood?			
45	<ul> <li>Write about the functions of,</li> <li>1) Epidermis</li> <li>2) Cork</li> <li>3) Stomata</li> </ul>			
46	Differentiate between meristematic and permanent tissue.			
47	What are the components of cattle feed?			
48	What are the symptoms of diseased animals?			
49	Discuss the implications of the following statement: "It is interesting to note that poultry is India's most efficient converter of low fibre food stuff (which is unfit for human consumption) into highly nutritious animal protein food."			
50	Name three basic scientific approaches for increasing yield of a crop.			
	SECTION-D			
51	Draw only Labelled Diagram of Animal cell & Plant cell.			
52	Explain in brief: (i) Golgi Apparatus (ii) Lysosomes			
53	Describe with labelled diagram: Complex permanent Tissue			
54	Describe: Epithelial Tissue			
55	Describe Inland Fisheries in brief.			
56	SECTION- E			
50 57	Describe: (i) Plasma Membrane (ii) Mitochondria Explain Nucleus in brief.			
58	Explain Nucleus in brief. Describe Meristematic Tissue with labelled diagram.			
<u> </u>	Explain: Connective Tissue in brief.			
60	Explain: Nervous Tissue in brief.			
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